address for each DTE. The unique identifier or address is usable in both connection and connectionless-modes of communication.

Page 18, line 17, after "itself." insert—It is well known that Internet e-mail requires an identifier or address of the machine which is to receive the e-mail. Further, Internet e-mail protocols typically construct an electronic mail message to include an envelope, a header and a body. The envelope typically includes the identifier or address of the machine or person which is to receive the e-mail and the identifier or address of the originator of the message or where replies to the message are to be sent. The header typically includes a description of the encoding type or version of the e-mail message. The identifier or address of Internet e-mail addresses typically include a name which identifies the recipient or user of an e-mail server, followed by the "@" symbol, followed by the domain name and or host name of the mail server. These various features of e-mail are utilized by the BSD Unix mail system of the

Page 19, line 19, change "connection" to --condition--.

Page 28, line 26, changed "program" to --programmed--.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 11 and 37.

Please amend claims 10 and 36 as follows:

--10. (Amended) A method for communicating between a monitored device and a monitoring device, comprising the steps of: